

### **Material Safety Data Sheet**

### Gasoline Stabilizer

### Section 1. Product and company identification

Product name Code
Gasoline Stabilizer AST

Material uses

Fuel stabilizer additive.

MSDS authored by
AMSOIL INC.

Supplier/Manufacturer In case of emergency

AMSOIL INC. CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

925 Tower Avenue Superior, WI 54880

### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Emergency overview**

Color : Amber.

Physical state : Liquid.

Odor : Aromatic hydrocarbon.

Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND

SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. HARMFUL

OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE.

CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. POSSIBLE

DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Precautions : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions

before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after

handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

#### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation**: Irritating to respiratory system.

**Ingestion**: Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. May be harmful if

swallowed.

Skin : Harmful in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.

Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects** : Contains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**: Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data.

**Fertility effects**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Skin

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

redness

**Eyes** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **United States** % Name CAS number Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 64742-95-6 30 - 60 95-63-6 30 - 60 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8 Mesitylene 5 - 10 Benzene, diethyl-25340-17-4 1 - 5 Cumene 98-82-8 1 - 5 **Xylene** 1330-20-7 1 - 5 Canada CAS number 30 - 60 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic 64742-95-6 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 30 - 60 Mesitylene 108-67-8 5 - 10 Benzene, diethyl-25340-17-4 1 - 5 Cumene 98-82-8 1 - 5 **Xylene** 1330-20-7 1 - 5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Skin contact** 

: After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Combustible liquid.

**Extinguishing media** 

**Suitable** 

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards

: Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** 

: Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** 

: Hazardous to aquatic environment May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Prevent leaking substances from running into the aquatic environment or the sewage system.

### Methods for cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

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### **Storage**

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **United States**

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Manufacturer (United States).
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hour(s).  ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).  TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).  NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).  TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).  TWA: 25 ppm 10 hour(s).  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).
	TWA: 25 ppin 6 nour(s).  TWA: 125 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
Mesitylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).  TWA: 123 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).  NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).  TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).  TWA: 25 ppm 10 hour(s).  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).  TWA: 125 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
Benzene, diethyl-	AIHA WEEL (United States, 5/2010). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hour(s).
Cumene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).  NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 245 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).  TWA: 50 ppm 10 hour(s).  OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 245 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s).
Xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).  STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minute(s).  TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).  OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).

#### Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	US ACGIH 2/2010	25	123	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 9/2010	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2010	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 6/2008	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mesitylene	US ACGIH 2/2010	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
•	AB 4/2009	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 9/2010	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2010	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 6/2008	25	123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Benzene, diethyl-	US AIHA 5/2010	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cumene	US ACGIH 2/2010	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	50	246	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 9/2010	25	-	-	75	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2010	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[1]
	QC 6/2008	50	246	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Xylene	US ACGIH 2/2010	100	434	-	150	651	-	-	-	-	
-	AB 4/2009	100	434	-	150	651	-	-	-	-	
	BC 9/2010	100	-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2010	100	434	-	150	651	-	_	-	-	
	QC 6/2008	100	434	-	150	651	-	_	-	-	

<sup>[1]</sup>Absorbed through skin.

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended	monitoring
procedures	

 Personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

### **Engineering measures**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Hygiene measures**

: Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

### Respiratory

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: Wear an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator if concentration levels exceed the safe exposure limits.

### **Hands**

: Use gloves appropriate for work or task being performed. Recommended: Natural rubber (latex).

### **Eyes**

: Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure. Recommended: Safety glasses with side shields.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

temperature

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. Odor : Aromatic hydrocarbon.

Color: Amber.pH: Not available.Flash point: Open cup: 50°C (122°F) [Cleveland.]Auto-ignition: Not available.

Flammable limits : Not available. **Melting point/** 

**Pour point** 

: Not available.

: Not available. : Not available. **Boiling point** Vapor pressure **Relative density** : 0.8783 Vapor density : Not available.

Volatility : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. **Viscosity** 

: Kinematic: 0.008 to 0.013 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (0.8 to 1.3 : Not available. **Solubility** 

cSt) (40°C)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability** 

**Conditions to avoid** 

Materials to avoid

: The product is stable.

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and

combustible materials.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous polymerization** 

not be produced. : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	<b>Exposure</b>
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m3	4 hours
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Mesitylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m3	4 hours
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m3	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>1700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

### **Chronic toxicity**

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Xylene	A4	3	-	-	-	-

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

**Environmental effects** 

: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 17000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
•	Acute LC50 7720 to 8280 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - 34 days	96 hours
Mesitylene	Acute LC50 13000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
·	Acute LC50 12520 to 15050 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - 1 to 1.5 years - 13 to 20 cm - 20 to 80 g	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 11200 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <=24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7400 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Xylene	Acute IC50 10 mg/L	Algae	72 hours
•	Acute LC50 8500 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3300 to 4093 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - 0.6 g	96 hours

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Waste disposal**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

### **Section 14. Transport information**

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene)	3	III	FLAMMARIE LIDOR	-
TDG Classification	UN1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene)	3	III	3	-
IMDG Class	UN1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene)	3	III	3	-
IATA-DGR Class	UN1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene)	3	III	3	-

PG\*: Packing group Exemption to the above classification may apply.

AERG: 128

### Section 15. Regulatory information

### **United States**

**HCS Classification** : Combustible liquid

Irritating material Target organ effects

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; Mesitylene;

Benzene, diethyl-; Cumene; Xylene

**SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification**: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene: Fire hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Mesitylene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Benzene, diethyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Cumene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard; Xylene: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Ethylbenzene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Xylene; Ethylbenzene

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
Form R - Reporting	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	30 - 60
requirements	Cumene	98-82-8	1 - 5
requirements	Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5
Supplier notification	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	30 - 60
	Cumene	98-82-8	1 - 5
	Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; Mesitylene; Cumene;

Xylene

New York : The following components are listed: Cumene; Xylene

**New Jersey**: The following components are listed: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; Mesitylene; Benzene,

diethyl-; Cumene; Xylene

**Pennsylvania**: The following components are listed: 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; Mesitylene; Cumene;

**Xylene** 

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage
			<u></u>	level
Cumene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.
Ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.

### Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists** 

: CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.

**Canadian ARET**: None of the components are listed.

Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light

aromatic; 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; Mesitylene; Cumene; Xylene Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed. Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

### **Canada inventory**

: Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

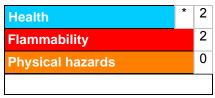
### Section 16. Other information

#### **United States**

**Label requirements** 

: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

## Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Atthough HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910-1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

# National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.